NO. 6

U.S.S.N. 10/007,197 Filed: December 4, 2001 AMENDMENT

wherein X is an H, alkyl, alkoxy, phenoxy, aryloxy, amino group, amide, acyl, and halo group; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 7. The composition of claim 6 wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ , and  $R^8$  are H; wherein  $R^3$  is  $CH_3$ ; and wherein X is a chloro group.
- 8. The composition of claim 1 wherein the carrier for topical administration to the mucosa of the oral cavity and gastro-intestinal tract is selected from the group consisting of a mouthwash, lozenge, tablet, paste and gel.
- The composition of claim 1 wherein the carrier for topical administration comprises the tetracycline coated onto or encapsulated into a carrier selected from the group consisting of powders, pellets, microcapsules, liposomes, and emulsions.
- 10. The composition of claim 9 wherein the tetracycline is formulated as a dry powder.
- 11. The composition of claim 1 wherein less than 10% of the tetracycline is absorbed into the systemic circulation when topically administered to the mouth and then swallowed.
- 13. (amended) The composition of claim [12] 1 wherein the polyvalent metal ion is calcium or magnesium.
- 14. The composition of claim 1 wherein the tetracycline is formulated to be topically administered to the mucosa as an aerosol.
- 15. (amended) A method for treating a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of a poorly absorbed tetracycline in the form of a polyvalent metal ion complex in a carrier for topical administration wherein less than 10% of the tetracycline is absorbed into the systemic circulation when topically administered.



U.S.S.N. 10/007,197 Filed: December 4, 2001 AMENDMENT

16. The method of claim 15 wherein the tetracycline is selected based on poor absorption from the group consisting of tetracyclines defined by the following structure:

wherein R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> may be a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, or any other organic composition comprising from 1-8 carbon atoms and optionally include a heteroatom such as nitrogen, oxygen, in linear, branched, or cyclic structural formats.

- 17. The method of claim 15 wherein the tetracycline is selected from the group consisting of compounds with the formula wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are hydrogen or a hydroxyl group; R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen or a methyl group; R<sub>4</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a halogen, or a nitrogen containing entity and R<sub>5</sub> is a hydrogen atom, or nitrogen containing ring structure, compounds wherein the tetracycline is modified at any of positions 1 through 4 and 10 through 12, and compounds wherein the tetracycline is modified by substitution of H at carbon 9 by a substituted amido group.
- 18. The method of claim 16 wherein the tetracycline has the following structure:

U.S.S.N. 10/007,197
Filed: December 4, 2001
AMENDMENT

wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> can be H, C1-C3 alkyl, phenyl, and aryl groups; and wherein X is an H, alkyl, alkoxy, phenoxy, aryloxy, amino group, amide, acyl, and halo group, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 19. The method of claim 18 wherein the tetracycline is meclocycline, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$ , and  $R^8$  are H;
- wherein R<sup>3</sup> is CH<sub>3</sub>; and wherein X is a chloro group.
- 20. The method of claim 15 wherein the carrier for topical administration to the mucosa of the oral cavity and gastro-intestinal tract is selected from the group consisting of a mouthwash, lozenge, tablet, paste and gel.

U.S.S.N. 10/007,197 Filed: December 4, 2001 AMENDMENT

- 21. The method of claim 15 wherein the carrier for topical administration comprises the tetracycline coated onto or encapsulated into a carrier selected from the group consisting of powders, pellets, microcapsules, liposomes, and emulsions, comprising suspending or dissolving the tetracycline and carrier in a liquid for administration of the tetracycline to the patient.
- 22. The method of claim 15 wherein the tetracycline is administered daily starting at least one day before the patient is treated with radiation or chemotherapy.
- 23. The method of claim 15 wherein the patient is treated between one and six times daily.
- 24. (twice amended) A method for making a composition for treating a patient to prevent or treat mucositis comprising

[making a formulation for topical administration of] formulating an effective amount to prevent or treat mucositis of a tetracyline in the form of a polyvalent metal ion complex which has less than 10% bioavailability when orally administrated in a carrier for topical administration to the mucosa.